

INTREPID CAPITAL

MANAGEMENT FUNDS TRUST



Intrepid Income Fund

Institutional Class (Ticker: ICMUX)

Investor Class (Not Available for Sale)

Before you invest, you may want to review the Intrepid Income Fund's (the "Fund") Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. The current statutory prospectus and statement of additional information dated February 3, 2026, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Fund online at <https://www.intrepidcapitalfunds.com/resources/fund-documents/>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-866-996-FUND or by sending an e-mail request to invest@intrepidcapitalfunds.com.

Intrepid Income Fund

Investment Objective: The Intrepid Income Fund (the "Fund" in this Summary) seeks high current income and capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.

SHAREHOLDER FEES

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	<u>Investor Class</u>	<u>Institutional Class</u>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Other Distributions (as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed on shares held for 30 days or less)	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.75%	0.75%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None
Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	<u>0.16%</u>	<u>0.26%</u>
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>1.16%</u>	<u>1.01%</u>

(1) Investor Class shares are not available for sale. “Other Expenses” are based on estimated expenses for the current fiscal year for the Investor Class shares.

(2) “Other Expenses” include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses of one basis point. As a result, Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in the table above do not correlate to the ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets found within the “Financial Highlights” section of this Prospectus, which does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the contractual expense limitation for one year). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Investor Class	\$118	\$368	\$638	\$1,409
Institutional Class	\$103	\$322	\$558	\$1,236

Portfolio Turnover: The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 86% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies: Under normal conditions, the Fund primarily invests in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities. The Fund’s fixed income securities will consist principally of high-yield corporate debt securities (sometimes referred to as “junk bonds”), bank debt (including loan assignments and participations), convertible debt, and U.S. Government securities. The Fund may also invest in investment grade corporate debt securities, as well as the debt of foreign companies. Foreign companies, or non-U.S. companies, are companies domiciled or headquartered outside of the U.S., or whose primary business activities or principal trading markets are located outside of the U.S. High yield securities typically pay high current interest. They also offer the potential for capital appreciation when purchased at a discount to par value or when favorable company-specific events occur. The Fund’s investment advisor performs deep fundamental credit analysis in selecting debt securities for the Fund, and the Fund’s holdings will

not be limited by credit quality, sector, or geography. The Fund's investments in debt instruments will not be limited in duration, but typically will be in securities having a duration of two to six years at the time of purchase. Duration is a measure of a debt security's price sensitivity taking into account a debt security's cash flows over time. For example, a security with a duration of five years would likely drop five percent in value if interest rates rose one percentage point.

In addition, the Fund may invest in equity securities, consisting principally of dividend-paying common stock or preferred stock. The Fund will typically seek dividend-paying equity and preferred securities that it believes are undervalued based on internal appraisals of such securities' intrinsic values. The Fund typically determines the intrinsic value of a company to be the present value of a company's expected future stream of free cash flows discounted by an appropriate discount rate. After estimating the intrinsic value of the business as a whole, the Fund adjusts for debt, cash, and other potential capital (such as minority interest) to arrive at an estimate of the equity security's intrinsic value. If a dividend paying common stock or preferred stock stops paying dividends after its purchase by the Fund, the Fund would not be required to sell the security.

The Adviser may shift the Fund's assets among various types of income-producing securities based upon changing market conditions and its own credit analyses to determine the creditworthiness and potential for capital appreciation of a security.

In certain market conditions, the Adviser may determine that it is appropriate for the Fund to hold a significant cash position for an extended period. The Fund expects that it may maintain substantial cash positions when the Adviser determines that such cash holdings, given the risks the Adviser believes to be present in the market, are more beneficial to shareholders than investment in additional securities.

Principal Risks: There is a risk that you could lose all or a portion of your money on your investment in the Fund. This risk may increase during times of significant market volatility. The following risks could affect the value of your investment:

- **General Market Risk; Recent Market Events:** The prices of the securities in which the Fund invests may decline in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, economic or other developments, and to the negative impact of any epidemic, pandemic or natural disaster that may cause broad changes in market value, public perceptions concerning these developments, and adverse investor sentiment or publicity. Securities selected for the Fund's portfolio may decline in value more than the overall stock market.
- **Interest Rate Risk:** When interest rates rise, the value of previously-issued bonds and other debt securities decreases. Further, as interest rates rise after a period of historically low interest rates, it may cause potentially sudden and unpredictable effects on the markets and the Fund's investments, and therefore Fund performance may be adversely affected.
- **Debt/Fixed Income Securities Risk:** An increase in interest rates typically causes a fall in the value of the debt securities in which the Fund may invest. The value of your investment in the Fund may change in response to changes in

the credit ratings of the Fund's portfolio of debt securities. With interest rates rising in the United States, the Fund may be subject to heightened interest rate risk. Moreover, rising interest rates or lack of market participants may lead to decreased liquidity in the bond and loan markets, making it more difficult for the Fund to sell its holdings at a time when the Adviser might wish to sell. Lower rated securities ("junk bonds") are generally subject to greater risk of loss of your money than higher rated securities. Issuers may (increase) decrease prepayments of principal when interest rates (fall) increase, affecting the maturity of the debt security and causing the value of the security to decline. The United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") has ceased publishing all LIBOR settings. Actions by regulators have resulted in the establishment of alternative reference rates to LIBOR in most major currencies. The impact of the discontinuation of LIBOR and the transition to an alternative rate on the Fund's portfolio remains uncertain. There can be no guarantee that financial instruments that transition to an alternative reference rate will retain the same value or liquidity as they would otherwise have had. These events and any additional regulatory or market changes that occur as a result of the transition away from LIBOR and the adoption of alternative reference rates may have an adverse impact on the value of the Fund's investments, performance or financial condition, and might lead to increased volatility and illiquidity in markets that relied on LIBOR to determine interest rates.

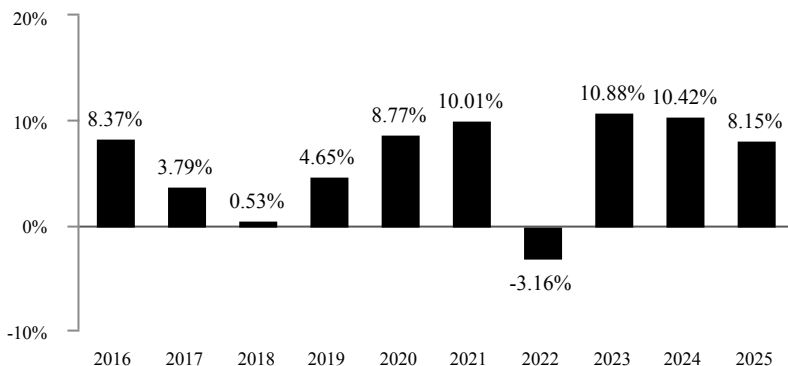
- **Credit Risk:** The risk of investing in bonds and debt securities whose issuers may not be able to make interest and principal payments. In turn, issuers' inability to make payments may lower the credit quality of the security and lead to greater volatility in the price of the security.
- **High Yield Risk:** The risk of loss on investments in high yield securities or "junk bonds." These securities are rated below investment grade, are usually less liquid, have greater credit risk than investment grade debt securities, and their market values tend to be volatile. They are more likely to default than investment grade securities when adverse economic and business conditions are present.

- **Liquidity Risk:** The risk, due to certain investments trading in lower volumes or to market and economic conditions, that the Fund may be unable to find a buyer for its investments when it seeks to sell them or to receive the price it expects based on the Fund's valuation of the investments. Events that may lead to increased redemptions, such as market disruptions, may also negatively impact the liquidity of the Fund's investments when it needs to dispose of them. If the Fund is forced to sell its investments at an unfavorable time and/or under adverse conditions in order to meet redemption requests, such sales could negatively affect the Fund. Liquidity issues may also make it difficult to value the Fund's investments.
- **Cash Position Risk:** The ability of the Fund to meet its objective may be limited to the extent it holds assets in cash (or cash equivalents) or is otherwise uninvested.
- **Changes in Tax Laws.** Tax law is subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, or to different interpretations, and such changes or interpretations could adversely affect the Fund. For example, the recently enacted One Big Beautiful Bill Act made significant other changes to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including permanent reductions to tax rates and disallowance of deductions, that will materially impact funds and their investors. Any future changes are highly uncertain, and the impact on the Fund or its shareholders cannot be predicted. Prospective shareholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact to them of possible changes in tax laws.

Performance: The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Class shares (the only Class currently available for sale). The table shows how the Fund's average annual returns over 1, 5 and 10 years compare with those of a broad-based market index, as well as additional indices that reflect the market sectors in which the Fund invests. For additional information on the indices, please see "Index Description" in this Prospectus. No performance information is available for the Investor Class shares since that class is currently not available for sale. The performance for the Investor Class shares would differ only to the extent that the Investor Class shares have different expenses than the Institutional Class shares. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at www.intrepidcapitalfunds.com.

Intrepid Income Fund – Institutional Class

Calendar Year Total Returns as of 12/31



During the period shown on the bar chart, the Fund’s best and worst quarters are shown below:

Best Quarter	12/31/2020	7.43%
Worst Quarter	3/31/2020	-6.66%

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(For the periods ended December 31, 2025)

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	8.15%	7.13%	6.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.74%	3.81%	3.73%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.77%	3.99%	3.69%
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	7.30%	-0.36%	2.01%
Bloomberg US Gov/Credit 1-5Y TR Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.11%	1.56%	2.17%
Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	8.62%	4.51%	6.53%

The Fund uses the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index, Bloomberg US Gov/Credit 1-5Y TR Index, and Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Bond Index as additional indices because they compare the Fund’s performance with the returns of indices holding investments similar to those of the Fund. For additional information on the indices, please see “Index Descriptions” in this Prospectus.

Institutional Class shares commenced operations on August 16, 2010. Performance shown prior to August 16, 2010 reflects the performance of Investor Class shares, which commenced operations on July 2, 2007 and ceased operations on January 31, 2014, and includes expenses that are not applicable to and are higher than those of Institutional Class shares. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal stated income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your situation and may differ from those shown. In certain cases, the figure representing “Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares” may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. Furthermore, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to those who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or IRAs.

Management

Investment Adviser: Intrepid Capital Management, Inc. is the investment adviser for the Fund.

Portfolio Managers: Mark Travis has served as the portfolio manager of the Fund since 2018 and co-lead portfolio manager of the Fund since 2019 and is the President of the Adviser. Hunter Hayes, CFA[®], has served as co-lead portfolio manager of the Fund since 2019 and is the Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser. Joe Van Cavage, CFA[®] has served as a co-portfolio manager of the Fund since 2024 and is a Senior Vice President of the Adviser. Matt Parker, CFA[®] has served as a co-portfolio manager of the Fund since 2024 and is a Senior Vice President of the Adviser.

For important information about the purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information and financial intermediary compensation, please turn to “Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares, Taxes and Financial Intermediary Compensation” on page ##.